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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/700,936	11/04/2003	Randy S. Bethiel	VPI/02-123 US	5983
27916 75	590 01/13/2006		EXAM	INER
VERTEX PHARMACEUTICALS INC.			HABTE, KAHSAY	
130 WAVERLY STREET CAMBRIDGE, MA 02139-4242			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1624	

DATE MAILED: 01/13/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/700,936	BETHIEL ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Kahsay Habte	1624			
The MAILING DATE of this communication apperiod for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailine earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	OATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 08 L	December 2005.				
· /—	·				
·	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is				
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 49	53 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-24,26,28 and 29</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-24</u> is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>26,28 and 29</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ac	cepted or b) objected to by the	Examiner.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	examiner. Note the attached Office	e Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	•				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureat * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applicat ority documents have been receiv au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)	-				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 11/16/2005.		Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-24, 26 and 28-29 are pending in this application. Since the product was found allowable, the method claims 26 and 28-29 (Group V) are rejoined.

Response to Amendment

Applicant's amendment filed 12/08/2005 in response to the previous Office
 Action (07/05/2005) is acknowledged. Rejections of claims 2, 7, 12 and 18-22 under 35
 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph (items 8a-8c) have been obviated.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

3. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 26 and 28-29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for the treatment of a disease or disorder selected from an allergic or type I hypersensitivity reaction, asthma, transplant rejection, graft versus host disease, rheumatoid arthritis, does not reasonably provide enablement for the treatment of leukemia or a method of inhibiting JAK-3 kinase activity in a biological sample. The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to use the invention commensurate in scope with these claims.

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A number of factors are relevant to whether undue experimentation would be required to practice the claimed invention, including "(1) the quantity of experimentation necessary, (2) the amount of direction or guidance presented, (3) the presence or absence of working examples, (4) the nature of the invention, (5) the state of the prior art, (6) the relative skill of those in the art, (7) the predictability or unpredictability of the art, and (8) the breadth of the claims." In re Wands, 858 F.2d at 737, 8 USPQ2d at 1404 (Fed. Cir. 1988).

The scope of the claims is not adequately enabled solely based on the activity related to CDK2 or JAK-3 kinase activity provided in the specification. Test procedures to find the K_i and EC₅₀ values of the compounds with respect to ligand binding activity are provided in the specification in Examples 16-18, however, there is nothing in the disclosure regarding how this data correlates to the treatment of leukemia. Leukemia is classified according to how quickly the abnormal changes happen and by the type of blood cell that is affected.

Acute leukemia gets worse quickly, with fast multiplication of abnormal, immature blood cells called blasts.

Chronic leukemia worsens gradually. Abnormal cells are present, but they are more mature than they are in acute leukemia and can carry out at least some of their functions. However, they do not fight infection as well as normal white blood cells do. Also, they tend to live much longer than normal white blood cells, which results in an abnormal accumulation of cells.

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Lymphocytic leukemia affects the white blood cells called lymphocytes, which control the body's immune response by finding and destroying foreign substances.

Myelogenous leukemia affects other kinds of white blood cells in the bone marrow, called granulocytes or monocytes. These help protect the body against bacteria and infections.

The disorders encompassed by the instant claims are different one from the other, some of which have been proven to be extremely difficult to treat. There is no reasonable basis for assuming that the myriad of compounds embraced by the claims will all share the same physiological properties since they are so structurally dissimilar as to be chemically non-equivalent and there is no basis in the prior art for assuming the same. Note *In re Surrey*, 1 51 USPQ 724 regarding sufficiency of disclosure for a Markush group.

Further, the claim 28 is not limited to JAK-3 kinases. Thus, factors such as 'sufficient working examples', 'the level of skill in the art' and 'predictability', etc. have been demonstrated to be sufficiently lacking in the use of the invention. In view of the breadth of the claim, the chemical nature of the invention, the unpredictability of ligand-receptor interactions in general, and the lack of working examples regarding the activity of the claimed compounds, one having ordinary skill in the art would have to undergo an undue amount of experimentation to use the invention commensurate in scope with the claims.

In regard to the method for inhibiting JAK-3 kinase activity in a biological sample, the specification is not enabled for such scope. What is JAK-3 kinase activity? Who is

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need of this method? Applicants have amended this claim from "a method of inhibiting JAK-3 kinase activity in a patient or biological sample" to "a method of inhibiting JAK-3 kinase activity in a biological sample", but this won't change the scope of the claim. Any sample e.g. blood or urine from a patient is a biological sample. It is recommended that applicants delete claim 26.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

4. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim 25 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. In claim 25, the phrase "inhibiting JAK-3 kinase activity in a biological sample" is not clear? Who is in need of this inhibition and who is not? Why do we need this inhibition? What is considered a biological sample? How is this different from inhibiting JA-3 kinase activity in a patient?

Conclusion

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kahsay Habte whose telephone number is (571) 272-0667. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (9.00AM- 5:30PM).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James O. Wilson can be reached at (571) 272-0661. The fax phone

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number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571)-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Kahsay Habte Primary Examiner

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January 12, 2006